STATE OF MONTANA

BEFORE THE BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS

IN THE MATTER OF UNIT CLARIFICATION NO. 3-83:

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES, AFL-CIO,

Petitioner,

CITY OF KALISPELL,

Employer.

APPENTS CEINED

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND RECOMMENDED ORDER.

On March 14, 1983, this Board received the above-captioned Petition for Unit Clarification asking this Board to determine whether one Assistant Street Superintendent position and one Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position were included in the unit of City of Kalispell employees represented by Petitioner. Subsequently, the parties attempted to resolve the questions through contract negotiations. On September 22, 1983, the Union notified this Board the parties had reached agreement on the Assistant Street Superintendent position; however, it indicated it wished to reactivate the Petition regarding the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position. On October 14, 1983, this Board received the Employer's Answer arguing for exclusion of the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position from the bargaining unit.

The hearing in this matter was conducted November 15, 1983, in Kalispell, Montana, under the authority of Title 39, Chapter 31, MCA and ARM 24.26.630(5) and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, Title 2, Chapter 4, MCA. Kathryn Walker was the hearing examiner. . George Hagerman, field representative for Montana Council No. 9, American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, represented Petitioner. Glen Neier, Kalispell City Attorney, represented the Employer.

Having carefully reviewed the record in this matter, including sworn testimony and evidence, the hearing examiner makes the following findings of fact:

1. The American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO, Petitioner in this matter, is the exclusive representative of certain employees of the City of Kalispell, Montana. The applicable negotiated agreement between these parties contained the following provisions regarding the bargaining unit:

Article I, Recognition. The Employer recognizes the Union as the bargaining agent for the employees of the City of Kalispell, with the exception of the following: Police Officers, Firemen and those officials and supervisors contained in Addendum "B".

Article XXI, Wage Schedule. Wage scales of employees covered under this Agreement are to be found under Addendum "A", which is attached hereto and thereby made part of this Agreement.

According to Addendum "A", the bargaining unit represented by Petitioner included the following classifications: Shop Foreman, Mechanic, Assistant Superintendent Water Works (hourly wage rate: \$9.15), Maintenance - Repair Water Works, Meter Reader - Water Department, Chief Operator - Sewage Plant, Sewer Maintenance Chief, Operator - Sewage Plant, Laboratory Technician - Sewage Plant, Sewer Maintenance Assistant (hourly wage rate: \$8.83), Assistant Superintendent Streets (hourly wage rate: \$8.99), Grader Finisher, Grader Operator, Loader Operator, Oil Distributor, Sweeper Operator, Hot Plant Operator, Truck Driver, Garbage Crew, Caretaker - Parks, Laborer, Dog Catcher, Surveyor's Aide, Building Inspector (hourly wage rate: \$8.90), Service/Lubrication Person, Seasonal Laborer, Parking Meter Maintenance, Sign Maintenance, Traffic Signal Maintenance, Building Maintenance Person, City Clerks II, City Clerks I, STEP Investigator, STEP Secretary, Secretary - Dispatcher, Dispatcher II, Dispatcher I, Parking Meter Maid II, Parking Meter Maid I.

2. When the hearing in this matter was held, there were three employees in the City of Kalispell's Building Department: the Building Official (responsible for the administration of the department and exempt from the bargaining unit represented by Petitioner), the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer (the subject of this unit clarification), and a secretary who performed typical clerical duties and was a member of the bargaining unit

3. The job description for the City of Kalispell's Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position dated March 8, 1983, stated, in pertinent part:

<u>Description of Work</u>: This is a responsible supervisory and administrative position in building code enforcement and zoning administration.

<u>Supervision Received</u>: Works under general supervision of Building Official/Zoning Administrator.

<u>Supervisory Authority</u>: Senior Building Inspector has the authority of assigning work to and direct employees under his supervision, assign overtime, adjust grievances and recommend such action to the Building Official, and the exercise of such authority is not merely routine or clerical, but requires the use of independent judgment. Has administrative authority in the absence of the Building Official.

Administrative Responsibilities: Examine working drawings and specifications for new or remodeled buildings for compliance with zoning ordinances and building, plumbing, mechanical and energy conservation codes.

Inspect new or remodeled buildings during construction to insure code and zoning compliance.

Inspect existing buildings or fire damaged buildings for structural safety, exiting requirements and define what would need to be done to building to protect life safety.

Issue various types of permits and releases pertaining to building codes, zoning and related regulations.

Answer inquiries and complaints concerning the application of building codes and zoning and solve the problems.

Prepare necessary forms, records, and reports.

Performs related work as required.

Attends meetings and hearings to represent Building/Zoning Department.

Salary: \$17,300 per year.

represented by Petitioner.

4. At the time of the hearing in this matter, the incumbent Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer had been in that position for seven months. His main duties were to inspect buildings, enforce zoning ordinances, and issue various permits. He assigned work to and directed the work of a secretary whom he had helped train and orient.

Since he had assumed the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position he had not hired, fired, rewarded, transferred, or disciplined any employee. Neither had he been involved in any promotions, layoffs, or grievances (these situations had not come up). No performance evaluations had been done since he had become the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer, but the Mayor testified that he would not do the secretary's performance

evaluation even if the Building Official were absent.

The Mayor indicated the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer might serve on an interviewing committee with the Mayor, Department Superintendents, and Building Official if the secretarial position in the Building Department were to become vacant.

- 5. For three to four weeks prior to the hearing in this matter, the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer had performed the duties of the Building Official who had been away on sick leave. These duties had included administering the Building Department; issuing permits, reviewing plans and specifications, enforcing zoning ordinances, and inspecting buildings; and attending staff and Board of Adjustment meetings.
- 6. At the time of the hearing in this matter, the City of Kalispell's Building Inspector position was vacant and there were no plans to hire for the position unless such action became warranted by increased workload. However, there was a job description for that position which stated, in pertinent part:

General Statement of Duties: Performs technical work in the enforcement of building codes and in zoning ordinance administration.

<u>Supervision Received</u>: Works under general supervision of an administrative superior.

<u>Supervision Exercised</u>: Exercises general supervision over technical personnel as assigned.

Example of Duties:

Assists in planning and enforcing ordinances. Issues various types of permits and releases pertaining to zoning, general building, plumbing, and electrical codes and regulations.

Assists in reviewing plans and specifications for building construction and alteration to determine their compliance with city codes and regulations.

Answers inquiries and complaints concerning the application of building and zoning codes; consults with building contractors and others.

Prepares necessary forms, records, and reports. Performs related work as required.

¹This absence of the Building Official was out of the ordinary. Normally, he would only be absent for his annual vacation and about one week of training per year.

7. The job description for the City of Kalispell's Assistant Superintendent - Water Department stated, in pertinent part:

<u>Duties</u>: Assists Superintendent of Water Department in the schedules and daily work load of 10 to 25 men in the Water Works Section. Determines methods and procedures for water line maintenance, repair and construction. Supervises the operation of the Sewage Disposal Plant. Maintains time sheets for all workers under him. Keeps records of man hours, materials, and equipment time used on all work accomplished. Orders materials needed. Recognizes and solves problems in the field as pertains to Water Works Systems. Coordinates work with other departments, sections and private utilities. Contacts private citizens in regards to accomplishment of duties.

Responsibilities: Responsible to see that all men under him are assigned to authorized work programs and that such programs and individual projects are accomplished efficiently, timely, and safely. Responsible for the accuracy of all reports and records prepared and submitted. Responsible for the proper use and operation of all Water Works equipment and vehicles. Responsible for seeing that personnel under him receive appropriate training, commendation and necessary discipline. Responsible for seeing that work which may be disruptive to traffic flow is brought to the attention of the Police and Fire Departments. Responsible for safeguarding public and private utilities during excavation. Responsible for maintaining the quality of city drinking water within applicable water quality standards.

8. The job description for the City of Kalispell's Assistant Street Superintendent dated October 3, 1983, stated, in pertinent part:

Description of Work: This is a responsible and skilled work involving the supervision of a crew of five to nine employees engaged in street maintenance and repair work. Schedules work assignments of six men in the garbage section.

 $\underline{\underline{Supervision\ Received}}$: Works under the general supervision of the Street Superintendent.

<u>Supervisory Authority</u>: Assistant Street Superintendent has the authority of the Street Superintendent in his absence. Assigning work to and direct employees under his supervision.

Examples of Work: Supervises a work crew of five to fifteen employees in the absence of the Superintendent. Employees involved consist of laborers and operators of equipment, such as trucks, roller, gravel and asphalt spreader, oil distributor, jackhammer, grader, street sweeper, loaders and snow removal equipment. Directs and coordinates repair operations which frequently extend to complete resurfacing of streets on a block to block basis; determines maintenance or repair techniques, methods and types of equipment to be utilized; consults with supervisor to obtain approval for major program changes in procedure; assures that equipment is properly utilized and receives proper driver maintenance.

Maintains records and prepares reports covering employee time and attendance.

Performs nelated work as required.

9. The job description for the City of Kalispell's Assistant Superintendent - Sewer Maintenance stated, in pertinent part: <u>Duties Involved</u>: Assists Street Superintendent in scheduling daily work activities of 2 - 4 men in Sewerline Maintenance and construction, assists in keeping records of man hours, materials, and equipment time used on all work accomplished, assists in ordering material needed.

Responsibilities: Responsible to see that all men under him are assigned to authorized work programs and that such programs and individual projects are accomplished efficiently, timely, and safely. Responsible for safe operation and daily maintenance of equipment used in sewer line construction and maintenance. Responsible to insure that approved materials and methods are used.

DISCUSSION

A supervisory employee, who is excluded from coverage of the Montana Collective Bargaining Act for Public Employees, is defined as:

. . . any individual having authority in the interest of the employer to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, discipline other employees, having responsibility to direct them, to adjust their grievances, or effectively recommend such action, if in connection with the foregoing the exercise of such authority is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of independent judgment. [Sections 39-31-103(2)(b) and 39-31-103(3) MCA.]

For guidance in interpretting Montana's collective bargaining statute, the Board of Personnel Appeals often looks to decisions of the National Labor Relations Board, the Board that administers the National Labor Relations Act. In this particular matter, the hearing examiner noted that the National Labor Relations Act's definition of "supervisor" is nearly identical to section 39-31-103 MCA. The National Labor Relations Board has consistently held that this definition "is written in the disjunctive, and so just the possession of any one of the listed powers is sufficient to cause the possessor to be classified as a supervisor. . . " (NLRB V. Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 405 F.2d 1169, 70 LRRM 2029 (2nd CA, 1968). However, in applying this reasoning the National Labor Relations Board carefully distinguishes between true supervisors and subforemen, lead workers, and other minor supervisory employees in order to afford those who are not true supervisors coverage under the Act.

The Board of Personnel Appeals outlined some of the major considerations in making the distinction between true supervisors and minor supervisory employees in its <u>Billings Firefighters Local 521 v. City of</u>

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Billings decision (UC 1-77). Some of those considerations are:

- Whether the employee has the independent authority to hire, fire, adjust grievances, discipline, or give raises or other benefits.
- Whether the employee's exercise of authority, particularly in the areas of assignment and direction of work, is routine in nature, i.e., follows established procedures.
- Whether the employee exercises independent judgment, particularly in the areas of directing the activities of others.
- 4. Whether the employee's recommendations regarding personnel matters are subject to independent review/investigation by a higher authority.
- Whether there are several layers of supervision above the employee.
- Whether a substantial amount of the employee's time is spent doing work which is similar to the work of the personnel he/ she allegedly supervises.
- Whether a determination that the employee in question is supervisory would create an unrealistic and excessively high ratio of supervisors to employees.

[Citations omitted.]

Using these criteria, the hearing examiner concluded the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer was not a supervisor. The record did not establish that he had the independent authority to perform any of the functions enumerated in the Act except assigning and directing the work of one secretary. Regarding the responsibility for assigning and directing work, there was no indication this activity didn/t follow established procedures or required the exercise of independent judgment.

The hearing examiner also considered the structure of the Building Department and the fact that it was a three-person office. She found it highly unlikely that the Senion Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer, along-side the Building Official, would exercise true supervisory authority over the sole clerical employee in the office.

Finally, the hearing examiner's determination that the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer was not a true supervisor was not affected by the fact that he had been substituting for the Building Official for several weeks prior to the hearing, for it is the employee's regular function, not

temporary or occasional service as a supervisor, that is determinative of supervisory status. NLRB v. Harmon Industries, Inc., 565 F.2d 1047, 96 LRRM 3198 (8th CA, 1977).

Neither was the hearing examiner persuaded that the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer ought to be excluded from the bargaining unit because of managerial status. Section 39-31-103(2)(b) MCA excludes "management officials" from the coverage of Montana's Collective Bargaining Act for Public Employees. Section 39-31-103(4) MCA defines that term as:

. . . a representative of management having authority to act for the agency on any matters relating to the implementation of agency policy.

This Board has consistently construed this definition very narrowly and has only once ruled that a group of employees were excluded from the Act's coverage due to managerial status. (Decision in the matter of the Field Project Managers Unit Determination, UD 9-74). While the National Labor Relations Act does not specifically exclude management officials from its coverage, the National Labor Relations Board has developed a body of case law which does provide for such an exclusion. In 1974, the United States Supreme Court stated that the NLRB's exclusion of managerial employees, defined as those who formulate and effectuate management policies by expressing and making operative the decisions of their employers, has been approved by the courts without exception. It also noted with approval that the NLRB excludes from the NLRA as managerial those who formulate, determine, and effectuate an employer's established policy. NLRB v. Textron, Inc., 416 US 267 (1974), 85 The application of this definition was carefully explained by LRRM 2945. the NLRB in its 1974 General Dynamics Corporation decision:

or upon those who perform routinely, but rather is reserved for those in executive-type positions, those who are closely aligned with management as true representatives of management. Work which is based on professional competence necessarily involves a consistent exercise of discretion and judgment, else professionalism would not be involved. Nevertheless, professional employees plainly are not the same as management employees either by definition or in authority, and managerial authority is not vested in professional employees merely by virtue of their professional status, or because work performed in that status may have a bearing on company direction. Likewise, technical expertise in administrative functions which may involve the exercise of judgment and discretion does not confer executive-type status upon the performer. . . . Likewise Corp., Convair Aerospace Div., 213 NLRB 124 (1974); 87 LRRM 1705.

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An application of these principles led the hearing examiner to conclude that the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer did not have managerial status because he did not have sufficient authority and discretion in formulating, determining, and effectuating policy.

The hearing examiner also noted the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position was quite similar in level of responsibility to the positions classified as Assistant Superintendent - Water Department, Assistant Street Superintendent, and Assistant Superintendent - Sewer Maintenance. The hearing examiner could see no reason to exclude the Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer position, especially considering the fact that these other positions are included in the bargaining unit.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The position classified as Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer is not supervisory as that term is defined by section 39-31-103(3) MCA.

The position classified as Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer is not managerial as that term is defined by section 39-31-103(4) MCA.

RECOMMENDED ORDER

The position classified as Senior Building Inspector/Plan Reviewer is properly included in the bargaining unit comprised of City of Kalispell employees represented by Petitioner American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO.

DATED this 14 day of May, 1984.

BOARD OF PERSONNEL APPEALS

Kathryn Walke Hearing Examiner

NOTICE

Written exceptions may be filed to these Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommended Order within twenty days service thereof. If no

exceptions are filed with the Board of Personnel Appeals within that period of time, the Recommended Order shall become the Final Order. Exceptions shall be addressed to the Board of Personnel Appeals, Capitol Station, Helena, Montana 59620. CERTIFICATE OF MAILING ___, hereby certify that on the day of May, 1984, I mailed a true and correct copy of the above Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommended Order to the following: Mr. George Hagerman, Field Representative Montana Council No. 9 AFSCME, AFL-CIO 600 North Cooke Helena, MT 59601 Mr. LeRoy McDowell, Mayor City of Kalispell Kalispell City Hall P.O. Box 1035 Kalispell, MT 59901

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